



IOWA RACING AND GAMING COMMISSION

# ANNUAL 2025 REPORT

Kim Reynolds, Governor  
Chris Cournoyer, Lt. Governor

6200 Park Ave., Suite 100, Des Moines, IA 50321

[irgc@iowa.gov](mailto:irgc@iowa.gov)





## STATE OF IOWA

KIM REYNOLDS, GOVERNOR  
CHRIS COURNOYER, LT. GOVERNOR

RACING AND GAMING COMMISSION  
TINA M. EICK, ADMINISTRATOR

May 27, 2026

The Honorable Kim Reynolds  
Governor, State of Iowa  
State Capitol  
Des Moines, IA 50309

Dear Governor Reynolds:

I am pleased to submit the 2025 Annual Report on behalf of the Iowa Racing & Gaming Commission (“Commission”). As I reflect on the work of the Commission over the past calendar year, two words come to mind: challenge and change.

Challenge is perhaps the very reason that the Iowa Racing & Gaming Commission needs to exist. The Commission handled a variety of difficult situations throughout the year in order to regulate this multi-billion dollar industry that contributed over \$360 million dollars to the tax base in 2025. As a result of Commission action, many licensees instituted improved processes and implemented course corrections to maintain the integrity of the industry which in turn stabilizes the tax revenue stream for the State.

Change is inevitable as we all well know. But it’s nevertheless worth noting just how much robust change this relatively mature industry experienced over the course of just twelve months’ time during 2025. At many junctures this past year, challenge met change and each time I am proud to say the Commission rose to the occasion. Some of the more notable times when this occurred are highlighted below.

Gaming in border states is expanding, providing a significant change in the overall industry landscape and a major challenge for Iowa licensees. Increased out-of-state competition contributed to the 0.7% decrease in casino revenues in 2025. The State of Nebraska fully came on board in Omaha with gambling operations this past year. The Council Bluffs market experienced a 7.4% downturn in revenue but the projected impact for this market was much higher. We are proud of the reinvestments licensees have made, encouraged by the Commission, that have contributed to maintaining more market share than anticipated.

One such example, Ameristar, presented and received approval for an \$180 million to \$200 million dollar project to build a new landside facility to replace its current riverboat. The facility will rebrand as Hollywood Casino once that transition is complete. In other parts of the State we are also seeing expansions and reinvestments to compete with border state casinos. Casino Queen Marquette, now

6200 PARK AVE., SUITE 100 | DES MOINES, IOWA 50321

PHONE: 515-281-7352 | FAX: 515-242-6560 | <https://irgc.iowa.gov>

Annual Report - 2025

May 27, 2026

Page 2

rebranded as Bally's Marquette, built a landside facility in 2025 and retired their riverboat structure in early 2026. Early data following their opening in March 2026 shows a significant increase in revenues as a result of the reinvestment. Q Casino in Dubuque also continued its multi-phase improvement plan and added a high-end hotel to meet demand.

Gaming expanded within the state during 2025 with the licensing of a new facility in Cedar Rapids. Cedar Crossing's construction is now well underway and is expected to open in late 2026. This change came with significant challenge resulting in a lawsuit against the Commission. An Iowa court determined the Commission acted properly and upheld the Commission's decision. We are hopeful the addition of this facility insulated in the center of the State will help to offset losses from border properties and help to stabilize the revenue and tax base for the State.

Racing continues to be a significant challenge to operate in a manner that provides both a quality product and satisfies all stakeholders. In a study contracted by the Commission, numerous changes were suggested in order to maintain a vibrant and viable industry. Stakeholder meetings were conducted throughout 2025 and it proved difficult to build consensus to implement suggested changes. In fact, in October of 2025, the Commission had to select race dates, as the statute requires, when the parties failed to agree upon the racing schedule themselves. In early 2026, under the leadership of new Prairie Meadows CEO, Brian Ohorilko, the parties ultimately came together and agreed on a different schedule. The Commission subsequently adopted the newly proposed schedule brought forth.

Additional changes that have occurred this past year include some new faces. We approved the acquisition of two of our licensees by new owners and two Commissioners have completed their service. Catfish Bend Casino in Burlington, is being renamed Great River Casino Resort and is now owned by another existing state licensee, Elite Casino Resorts. Casino Queen Marquette is now owned by Bally's Corporation. The Commission itself has some new faces. Commissioner Julie Andres completed her term and Commissioner Mark Campbell resigned his term for employment with the State. We are grateful for each of them and their service. We also welcomed new Commissioner Michael Boal.

The Commission understands and appreciates the unique responsibilities and duties we are tasked with under Iowa law to lead this industry forward, responding to challenges and adjusting to change. It is an honor and a privilege for me and the other Commissioners to serve at your request on the Iowa Racing & Gaming Commission.

Sincerely,



Amy Burkhardt, Chair

# Table of Contents

<b>Commission Letter</b>	<b>02</b>
<b>About This Report</b>	<b>05</b>
<b>About Us</b>	<b>06</b>
<b>Highlights</b>	<b>09</b>
<b>Financial Report</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Gambling Games</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>Pari-Mutuel</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>Sports Wagering</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>Licensing Report</b>	<b>29</b>
<b>Self-Exclusion Report</b>	<b>32</b>

# About This Report

## A Message from our Administrator

The agency's staff and I take pride in what we do and who we work for. We believe in our mission and believe the public's trust in our ability to fulfill that mission is key to robust racing and gaming industries that benefit all Iowans.

The purpose of this report is to give the governor, legislators, and public a full view of the racing and gaming industries in Iowa and show how we're accomplishing our mission. To that end, the following pages are a summary of the agency's work during the 2025 calendar year. They include noteworthy events, tax data, industry performance information, comparisons to previous years, how the industry impacts Iowa's economy, and much more.

Transparency is essential to functional and reliable regulation. It's my sincere hope that the information and data in this report provide that transparency and help keep the public's confidence in the integrity of this highly regulated industry that is an essential part of the State's economy.

Tina M. Eick  
Administrator



## Acronyms & Terms

This report uses many acronyms and terms common to state agencies, the gaming industry, and the Iowa Racing & Gaming Commission. Here are some of the most common used throughout this report:

- **ADSW:** Advance Deposit Sports Wagering. This refers to a licensee that accepts online wagers on sporting events.
- **AGR:** Adjusted Gross Revenue.
- **IRGC:** Iowa Racing & Gaming Commission.
- **DCI:** Iowa Division of Criminal Investigation.
- **CY:** Calendar Year. For the purpose of this report, CY means January 1, 2025 through December 31, 2025.
- **FY:** Fiscal Year. The IRGC's fiscal year begins on July 1 and ends on June 30 of the following year. References to CY in this report mean the last half of FY 2025 (i.e. January - June 2025) and the first half of FY 2026 (i.e. July - December 2025) unless otherwise noted.
- **Gambling Games:** Most games typically associated with a casino. Slot machines, poker, and blackjack are well-known examples. The electronic versions of these games like video poker are also gambling games.
- **Handle:** The amount wagered on racing or sporting events.
- **Licensee:** Entities licensed by the IRGC to operate gambling games, pari-mutuel wagering, sports wagering, or fantasy sports contests in Iowa.
- **Operator:** Same as Licensee.
- **Pari-Mutuel:** Refers to wagering on horse and dog racing in-person or online.
- **QSO:** Qualified Sponsoring Organization. This refers to a non-profit organization that is partnered with an operator of a casino or racetrack as required by statute.
- **Retail:** This refers to a sportsbook located at one of Iowa's casinos or racetracks where a person can place wagers in-person.

# About Us

---

The Iowa Racing & Gaming Commission was created in 1983 when Governor Terry Branstad signed the Pari-Mutuel Wagering Act.

The Commission's purpose was to regulate horse and greyhound racing. Since then, our areas of regulation have expanded to include gambling games, sports wagering, and daily fantasy sports. The industry has generated more than \$8 billion in state, county, and city taxes since its inception.

Commissioners are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Iowa Senate to serve three-year terms.

## Our Mission

To administer the laws and rules for gambling and wagering in Iowa in order to ensure the integrity of licensees and their operations, maintain public confidence in regulated gambling and wagering activities in Iowa, and promote economic development for the citizens of Iowa.

We carry out this mission by enforcing Iowa's laws and rules for the wagering public and industry. We make certain licensees promote high quality and sustainable operations, public safety, and provide quality entertainment. We ensure operators invest in Iowa goods & resources, encourage the hiring of Iowans, and require reinvestment in facilities and amenities located in Iowa.

## Our Team

Our staff had 47 full-time positions across Iowa in 2025. Our main office is located in Des Moines. The majority of staff is located at the casinos and racetracks throughout Iowa. At least one staff member is stationed at each facility where they carry out the day-to-day regulatory responsibilities of the agency.



## Our Administrator

Tina Eick joined the Commission staff in 2016 as Director of Operations/Deputy Administrator. She has been the Administrator of the Iowa Racing & Gaming Commission since February 2024.

## Meet Our Commissioners



Amy Burkhart is a registered Independent. She was originally appointed to the Commission in May 2021. Her current term ends April 30, 2027.

**Amy**  
Chair



Daryl Olsen is a registered Republican. His first term began in May of 2020. His current term ends April 30, 2026.

**Daryl**  
Vice-Chair



Alan Ostergren is a registered Republican. He was appointed to the Commission in May 2023. His current term ends on April 30, 2026.

**Alan**



Michael Boal is a registered Republican and was appointed in November 2025. His current term ends April 30, 2028.

**Michael**



## Departing Commissioners

### Julie & Mark

Two Commissioners left the Commission in 2025.

Julie Andres served on the Commission for six years. She was appointed in May 2019 and left the Commission when her term expired on April 24, 2025.

Mark Campbell was appointed to the Commission in 2021. He resigned on October 2, 2025 after serving for four and a half years.

We thank them both for their service!

## Notable Events

The Commissioners met regularly throughout the year, totaling 10 meetings in 2025. For full details, please visit our website at <https://irgc.iowa.gov/general-information/meetings>. Below are some of the more notable items from the year.

### Cedar Rapids License & Challenge

One of 2025’s biggest events was granting a license to Cedar Rapids Development Group, LLC and Linn County Gaming Association, Inc. on February 6. This decision led to a lawsuit challenging the Commission’s authority to consider and grant the Linn County license application. This decision was upheld by the Iowa District Court on June 18.

### Riverboats Moving Landside

This Commission also approved changes for Ameristar to convert from a riverboat to a landside facility at the April Commission Meeting.

Casino Queen began construction on its landside casino, which was approved in 2023.

### Casino Queen Acquisition

Bally’s was approved to acquire Casino Queen in Marquette. Discussions and preparation took place throughout 2025.

### Ameristar Rebranding

Ameristar was approved to rebrand to “Hollywood Casino” at the April Commission meeting. The change will take place when their new landside facility opens.



# Highlights

**16,346,406**

Facility Admissions

**\$360,911,633**

State, City, & County  
Gaming & Wagering Taxes

**\$274,451,146**

Sports Wagering Revenue

**\$1,057,601**

Fantasy Sports Revenue

**\$1,681,845,400**

Gaming Revenue

**6,790**

People Employed

**\$75,656,221**

QSO Distributions

# Financial Report



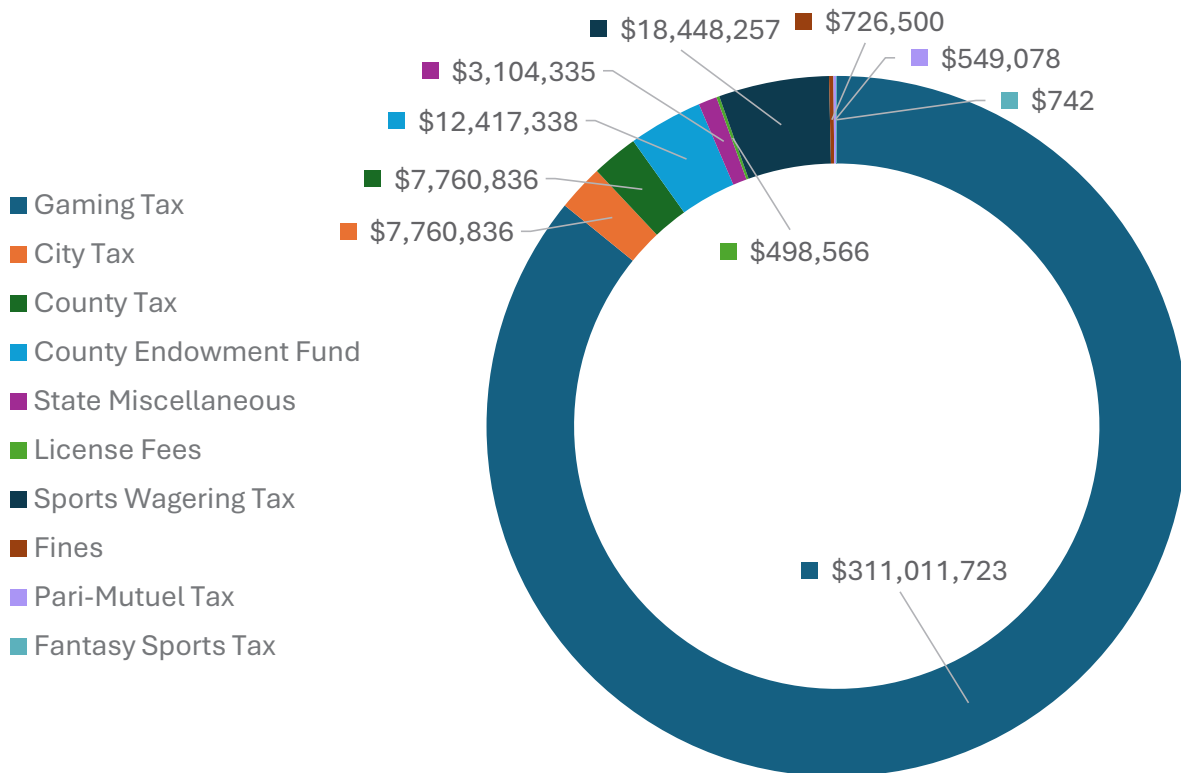
## Summary of State Revenue

The various wagering options in Iowa bring money to the state, counties, and cities of Iowa through taxes and fees. The bulk of revenue comes from a tax on gambling game revenue.

In addition, revenue is generated through fees and fines. Every licensee pays a license fee to the state annually. The fee is set by legislation. Fines are imposed on licensees when there is a violation of statute or administrative rules.

The graph below shows the amount each source of revenue brought to Iowa. In 2025, Iowa's total tax revenue from the gaming industry was \$362,278,211.

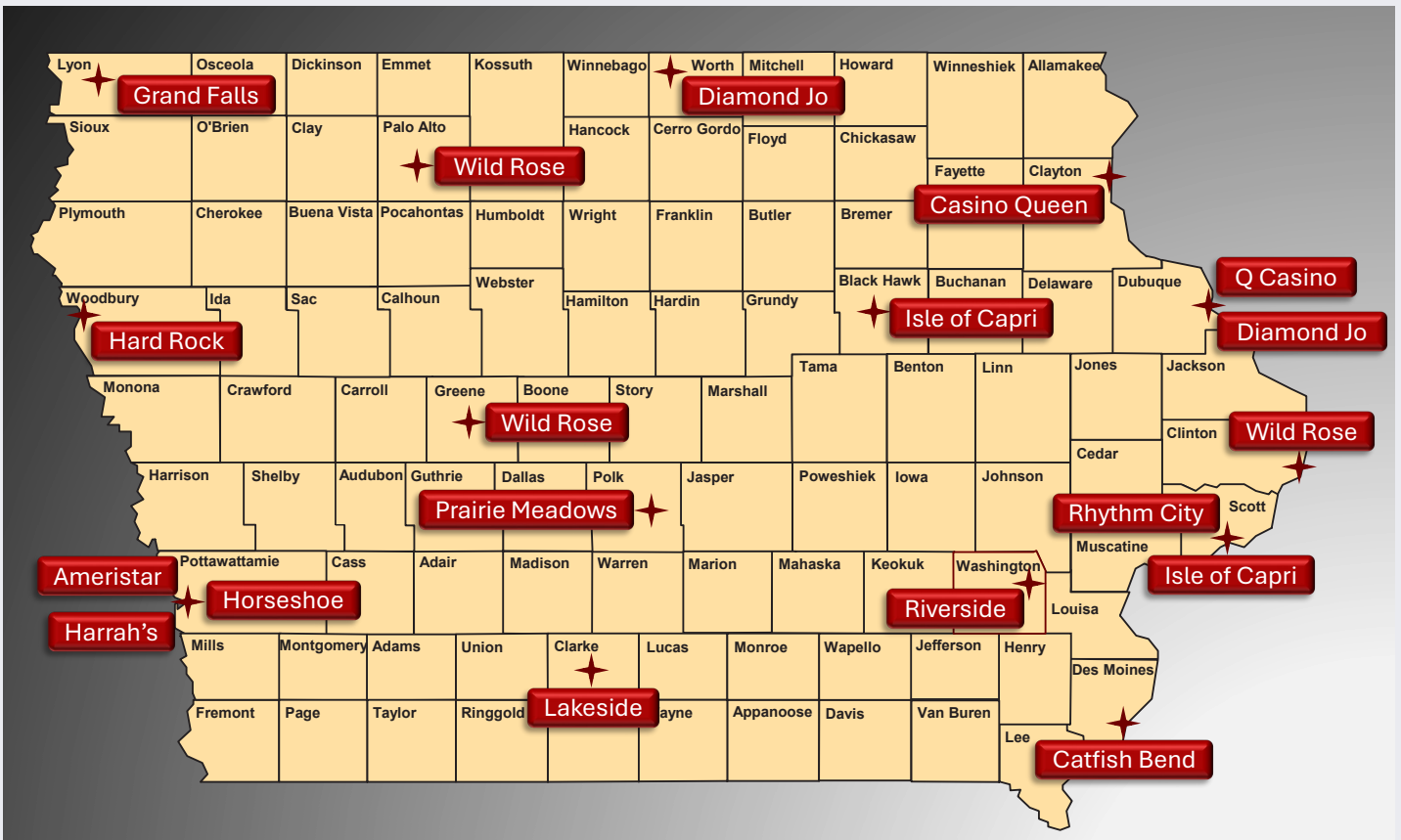
## State Tax Revenue Composition



Tax Distribution numbers throughout this report do not include the \$4,000,000 license fee paid by Cedar Crossing Casino when it was awarded a license. This fee is recurring for 5 years from when the license was issued in 2025.

# Gambling Games

Iowa has nineteen gaming facilities located across the state. Each generates revenue through gambling games. Below is a map of Iowa showing each facility.



The State tax rate for gambling games is based on the type of facility and AGR. AGR is calculated by taking the total amounts wagered on gambling games and subtracting the winnings paid out to patrons.

## Riverboat & Gambling Structures

AGR Level	Tax Rate
First \$1 million	5%
\$1 million- \$3 million	10%
Over \$3 million	22%

This includes all facilities except the other two listed on this page.

## Prairie Meadows & Horseshoe

AGR Level	Tax Rate
First \$1 million	5%
\$1 million - \$3 million	10%
Over \$3 million	24%

If Horseshoe's AGR during the prior fiscal year was less than \$100 million, the tax rate is 22% for AGR over \$3 million.

**The AGR of gambling games is subject to four additional taxes.**



### City Tax

0.50% of AGR on gambling games goes to a city hosting a facility. If the facility isn't in a city, it goes to the closest one.



### County Tax

0.50% of AGR also goes to a county hosting a facility.



### County Endowment

A rate of 0.20% is taxed for use by counties that don't host a facility.



### State Miscellaneous

A rate of 0.20% is taxed and distributed to various State funds.

### Facility Performance

Revenue of gambling games is reported in two categories: slot machines and table games. Combined, they create a facility’s AGR. The total AGR of Iowa’s facilities in 2025 was \$1,681,845,400. That is down 0.7% from 2024.

Total slot revenue was \$1,522,874,456 in 2025, which is a decrease of 0.3% from 2024.

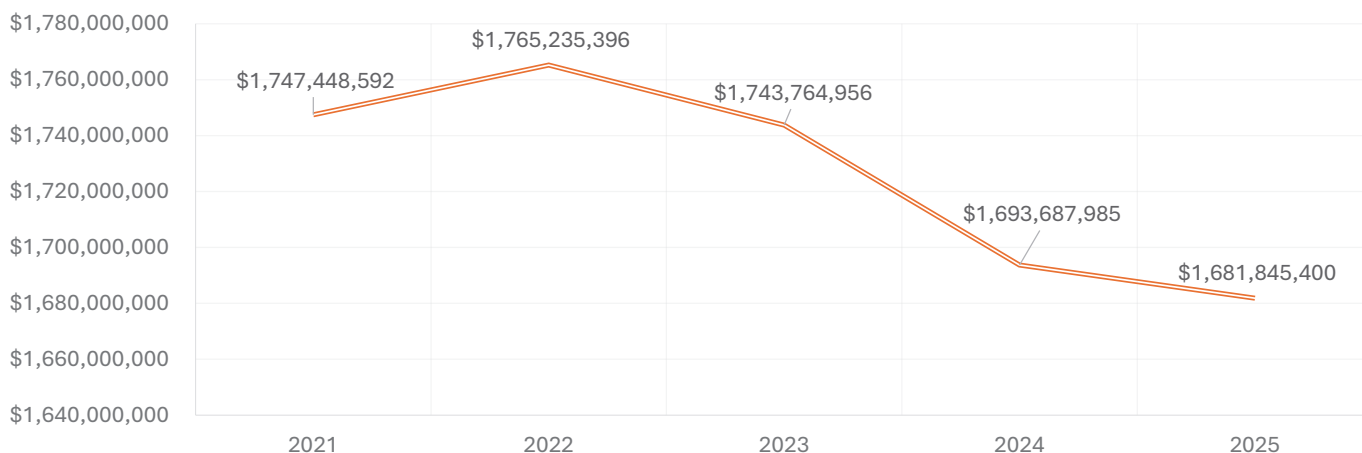
Total table game revenue was \$158,970,944 in 2025, which is a decrease of 4.0% from 2024.

Even with the recent declines in revenues, they remain above 2019 numbers.

Facility	Slot Revenue	Table Revenue	AGR
Ameristar	\$145,726,223	\$17,450,356	\$163,176,579
Casino Queen	\$19,122,587	\$508,883	\$19,631,470
Catfish Bend	\$40,461,684	\$4,253,365	\$44,715,049
Diamond Jo Dubuque	\$72,664,419	\$4,781,915	\$77,446,334
Diamond Jo Worth	\$102,712,490	\$10,580,149	\$113,292,639
Grand Falls	\$80,920,221	\$11,171,730	\$92,091,951
Hard Rock	\$83,164,582	\$8,270,042	\$91,434,624
Harrah’s	\$61,164,371	\$5,718,208	\$66,882,579
Horseshoe	\$142,548,716	\$29,391,583	\$171,940,299
Isle Bettendorf	\$65,439,234	\$5,343,198	\$70,782,432
Isle Waterloo	\$90,074,118	\$8,833,541	\$98,907,659
Lakeside	\$49,617,995	\$2,158,887	\$51,776,882
Prairie Meadows	\$217,025,081	\$20,399,251	\$237,424,332
Q Casino	\$43,074,145	\$5,243,017	\$48,317,162
Rhythm City	\$103,884,060	\$8,070,516	\$111,954,576
Riverside	\$111,211,734	\$12,439,247	\$123,650,981
Wild Rose Clinton	\$29,937,491	\$1,213,526	\$31,151,017
Wild Rose Emmetsburg	\$29,826,954	\$1,422,305	\$31,249,259
Wild Rose Jefferson	\$34,298,351	\$1,721,225	\$36,019,576

### AGR

— Total Revenue



Additional performance metrics are reported by each facility. Admissions measures the approximate number of people who enter the gaming floor of a facility. Admissions declined 1.8% in 2025 to 16,346,406.

Slot drop is the total amount of money collected by a slot machine. It doesn't reflect any subtractions for wins or withdrawn tickets. The total slot drop in 2025 for Iowa's licensed facilities was \$10,389,835,400. That represents a decline of 2.0%.

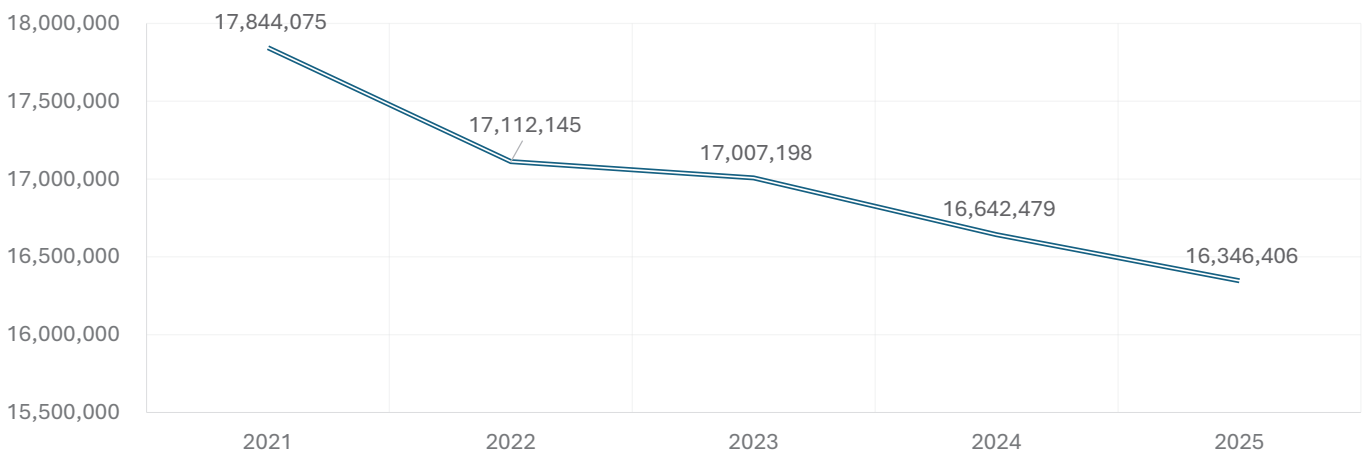
Facility	Admissions	Slot Drop	Slot Coin-In	Table Drop
Ameristar	1,304,961	\$974,242,309	\$1,492,475,104	\$86,452,817
Casino Queen	133,453	\$128,190,307	\$181,814,203	\$2,443,462
Catfish Bend	775,170	\$296,943,680	\$414,065,558	\$18,222,184
Diamond Jo Dubuque	638,296	\$492,804,491	\$743,982,618	\$23,408,935
Diamond Jo Worth	866,781	\$705,365,625	\$1,053,973,600	\$58,313,044
Grand Falls	1,107,790	\$536,781,927	\$865,751,565	\$50,695,016
Hard Rock	1,276,687	\$524,626,675	\$854,303,689	\$40,820,101
Harrah's	714,353	\$369,471,660	\$595,852,787	\$27,803,009
Horseshoe	1,361,179	\$870,929,074	\$1,414,871,874	\$137,618,397
Isle Bettendorf	678,258	\$453,473,718	\$649,675,329	\$25,903,636
Isle Waterloo	751,610	\$609,277,211	\$870,961,325	\$37,907,567
Lakeside	373,770	\$337,945,143	\$453,203,508	\$10,026,918
Prairie Meadows	2,039,406	\$1,621,307,230	\$2,298,812,071	\$98,222,794
Q Casino	606,070	\$301,772,905	\$450,318,663	\$27,281,366
Rhythm City	1,273,061	\$693,777,761	\$1,051,800,883	\$41,053,829
Riverside	1,426,339	\$815,886,817	\$1,154,556,631	\$49,050,545
Wild Rose Clinton	372,462	\$215,873,834	\$310,101,943	\$6,706,733
Wild Rose Emmetsburg	296,121	\$204,382,102	\$294,867,472	\$8,290,837
Wild Rose Jefferson	350,639	\$236,782,931	\$344,849,429	\$9,152,386

Slot coin-in reports the amount of wagers placed on a slot machine. In 2025, the total went down 0.5% to \$15,496,238,252.

Table drop shows the amount of money collected by a table game. It doesn't reflect any subtractions for chips distributed by the table. Table drop reduced 1.4% in 2025 to \$759,373,576.

### ADMISSIONS

— Total Admissions



## Promotional Play

Promotional play is the main loyalty reward and marketing device Iowa’s casinos use to attract players to their properties and incentivize players to increase play. The facilities provide promotional play, free of charge, to patrons by mail, email, and other advertised activities.

Promotional play defined by Iowa Code is tokens, chips, electronic credits, or other forms of cashless wagering provided by the licensee, without an exchange of money, that is used to wager on gambling games or sports wagering. As promotional play is used to make wagers, it has a monetary value and has been included in the calculation of adjusted gross revenue since 1989 when gambling games were first allowed in Iowa.

Iowa has passed legislation on the taxation of promotional play twice. In 2016, legislation limited the total amount of taxes that could be collected on promotional play to \$25.825 million in a single fiscal year.

All promotional play utilized over that amount was tax-free. In 2021, legislation was passed to phase out the taxation of promotional play by July 1, 2026 (i.e. the beginning of FY 2027) as noted in the chart. Facilities have met the \$25.825 million threshold well before the end of each fiscal year since these bills were passed.

Beginning in FY 2027 promotional play will no longer be included in the definition of AGR and will no longer be taxed. Given the phase out of taxation on promotional play and the resulting change in the definition of AGR, caution must be used in making comparisons to AGR before and after July 1, 2026.

Some rewards and incentives offered by licensees aren’t promotional play as defined by statute. They are taxed normally. A frequent example is a matched bet, which occurs when an operator matches the bet of a player, but the player keeps the winnings of both bets. Some other common examples are parlay insurance that require deposits and bonus bets. Any amount given to a player by a licensee in exchange for money will continue to be taxed at the appropriate rate.

Fiscal Year	Tax Percentage
2022	83.33%
2023	66.67%
2024	50.00%
2025	33.33%
2026	16.67%
2027	Not Applicable

Please see Iowa Code Chapters 99D and 99F for full tax details.

## State Tax Revenue in Detail

City and county taxes each totaled \$7,760,836 in 2025. The County endowment received \$12,417,338 from taxes while the state miscellaneous tax was \$3,104,335. The state tax on gambling games produced \$311,011,723 in revenue.

Gambling game AGR declined overall from 2024 to 2025; therefore, Iowa’s tax revenue also declined. However, Iowa saw a greater decline in tax revenue as a result of promotional play phasing out.

Facility	City Tax	County Tax	County Endowment	State Misc.	State Tax
Ameristar	\$721,375	\$721,375	\$1,154,200	\$288,550	\$28,494,675
Casino Queen	\$87,562	\$87,562	\$140,100	\$35,025	\$3,140,969
Catfish Bend	\$204,599	\$204,599	\$327,358	\$81,840	\$7,820,315
Diamond Jo Dubuque	\$367,485	\$367,485	\$587,975	\$146,994	\$14,312,854
Diamond Jo Worth	\$534,649	\$534,649	\$855,438	\$213,859	\$21,000,165
Grand Falls	\$428,161	\$428,161	\$685,057	\$171,264	\$16,750,515
Hard Rock	\$434,442	\$434,442	\$695,107	\$173,777	\$16,990,845
Harrah’s	\$306,479	\$306,479	\$490,366	\$122,591	\$11,902,979
Horseshoe	\$784,649	\$784,649	\$1,255,438	\$313,859	\$34,117,584
Isle Bettendorf	\$323,043	\$323,043	\$516,870	\$129,217	\$12,543,998
Isle Waterloo	\$447,726	\$447,726	\$716,361	\$179,090	\$17,560,661
Lakeside	\$229,682	\$229,682	\$367,491	\$91,873	\$8,825,106
Prairie Meadows	\$1,145,892	\$1,145,892	\$1,833,427	\$458,357	\$49,966,004
Q Casino	\$224,943	\$224,943	\$359,909	\$89,977	\$8,616,494
Rhythm City	\$495,334	\$495,334	\$792,535	\$198,134	\$19,454,732
Riverside	\$574,849	\$574,849	\$919,758	\$229,939	\$22,622,653
Wild Rose Clinton	\$138,616	\$138,616	\$221,785	\$55,446	\$5,186,546
Wild Rose Emmetsburg	\$144,001	\$144,001	\$230,402	\$57,601	\$5,384,382
Wild Rose Jefferson	\$167,352	\$167,352	\$267,762	\$66,941	\$6,320,246

While AGR of Iowa’s facilities declined 0.7% from 2024 to 2025, Iowa’s tax revenue declined 3.3% in all areas. Taxation of gaming revenue is affected by the previously referenced promotional play taxation phase out, which is why taxes declined at higher rate than AGR.



## Pari-Mutuel

### Live Racing Operators

With the passing of the Pari-Mutuel Wagering Act in 1983, gambling in Iowa began with the ability to wager on horse and dog races. Over the next forty years, several race tracks in the state offered live races as well as the ability to bet on races that are occurring at other tracks across the country. At the height of racing, live racing was conducted at three dog tracks and one horse track.

In 2015 and 2022, respectively, Bluffs Run Greyhound Park (currently known as Horseshoe) and Iowa Greyhound Park (which operated at Q Casino) ceased live dog racing. As of 2025, live racing in Iowa is only performed at Prairie Meadows Racetrack and Casino and with thoroughbred and quarter horse racing.

### Live Racing Performance

During the 2025 racing season, Prairie Meadows Racetrack and Casino hosted a mixed meet over 81 days. Thoroughbred races began on May 9 while quarter horse races kicked off on June 15. Both breeds concluded on September 27 after running 575 thoroughbred and 215 quarter horse races. Total handle for the season was \$2,680,730.

It is the Commission’s responsibility to perform tests on quarter horses to ensure the safety of the animals and the integrity of races. The Commission screens for foreign substances on all races as well as out of competition testing. Industrial Laboratories was contracted for tests in 2025. More than 2,000 blood, urine, and hair samples were tested.

#### Quarter Horse Test Results

Tests found 3 positive results:

Clenbuterol - 1

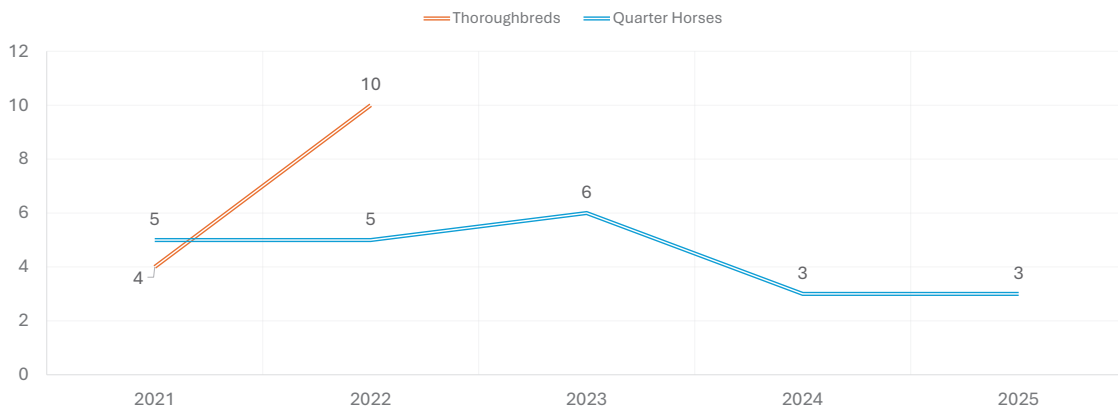
Dexamethasone - 1

Zilpaterol - 1

The Commission licenses all race participants including owners, trainers, jockeys, grooms and veterinarians that treat the horses at the track. Commission veterinarians conduct exams on all horses prior to each race. Racing stewards monitor each race as it occurs, perform investigations for rule violations, and ensure the safety of the participants and horses.

Since 2022, thoroughbred horses are tested by the Horseracing Integrity and Safety Authority (HISA), a federal agency that oversees thoroughbred racing. Please visit HISA’s website for information on their test results.

POSITIVE RESULTS 5-YEAR COMPARISON



## Simulcasting & OTB Operators

Simulcast racing is another way a person can place wagers on races. It allows individuals to wager on a race that takes place in a different location. Prairie Meadows and Horseshoe are authorized to simulcast races from other tracks as part of their licenses. Live races performed at Prairie Meadows are also broadcast to other locations via simulcasting.

Additionally, off-track betting (OTB) is available at Wild Rose Clinton. Off-track betting allows Wild Rose Clinton to simulcast races at their facility where people can place wagers. As a facility licensed only for gambling games, they must have an agreement with an entity that has an alternative simulcast license. In this case, the Horsemen of Iowa Simulcasting Association (IA HISA) was required to enter into an agreement with the Iowa Horseman’s Benevolent and Protective Association prior to the agreement with Wild Rose Clinton.

## Simulcasting & OTB Performance

The total simulcast handle for live races at Prairie Meadows was \$39,123,238 in 2025.

Prairie Meadows, Horseshoe, and Wild Rose Clinton’s OTB imported simulcast greyhound and horse races from January 1 through December 31. The total number of races on which wagers were placed was 15,400 generating \$15,331,394 in handle.

Licensee Name	Number of Races with Wagers	Handle
Horseshoe	5,168	\$4,952,935
IA HISA (OTB)	3,242	\$3,003,423
Prairie Meadows	6,990	\$7,375,036

## Manufacturers & Distributors

A distributor is a person or business that sells, markets, or otherwise provides gambling games or gambling implements to licensed casinos or racetracks. A manufacturer is one that designs, assembles, fabricates, produces, constructs, or otherwise prepares those gambling products or their components.

Both manufacturers and distributors must apply annually for a license before April 1. They must provide any information required by the Commission and an applicable fee of \$1,000 for distributors or \$250 for manufacturers.

Part of the licensing process includes considering the product’s economic impact, whether a facility is willing to offer it to the public, and whether its revenue potential justifies the investigative time and oversight needed to effectively regulate it.

Iowa licensed 25 manufacturers and distributors in 2025. No licenses were issued to new manufacturers or distributors.



## Advance Deposit Wagering Operators & Performance

Advance deposit wagering (ADW) is a method of online pari-mutuel wagering. To participate, a person must establish an account, deposit money, and use the account balance to pay for pari-mutuel wagering. There were four ADW operators in Iowa in 2025.

1. ODS Technologies L.P. d/b/a TVG Network
2. Xpressbet, LLC d/b/a Xpressbet
3. Churchill Downs Technology Initiative Company d/b/a TwinSpires
4. NYRAbets, LLC d/b/a NYRA bets

The handle for all ADW performances was \$25,066,787 in 2025. The table below shows the handle each licensee reported to the IRGC. It is broken down into handle taken for races run at Prairie Meadows and races run at all other tracks.

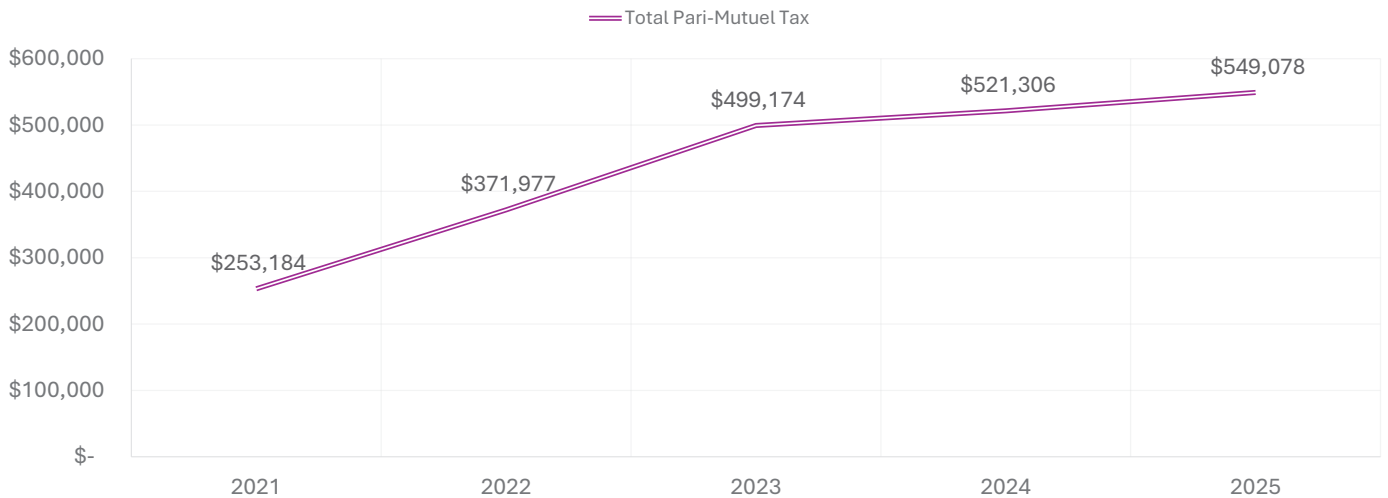
Race Location	TVG	Xpressbet	TwinSpires	NYRA
Prairie Meadows Races	\$218,480	\$34,111	\$259,963	\$18,323
Non-Prairie Meadows Races	\$6,306,584	\$2,286,144	\$14,994,097	\$949,085
Total	\$6,525,064	\$2,320,255	\$15,254,060	\$967,408

## Pari-Mutuel Taxes

Taxes for all pari-mutuel activity are based on the handle for each meet. The tax rate for ADWs, simulcasting, and OTB is two percent. Prairie Meadows, the only live racing in the state of Iowa, has a tax rate of six percent on the overall amount wagered on horse racing. Per Iowa Code 99D.15, Prairie Meadows receives a tax credit of six percent when handle is less than \$90 million. Handle has been less than \$90 million for more than ten years.

The following graph shows pari-mutuel taxes collected by the state for the last 5 years.

### TOTAL PARI-MUTUEL TAX



## Gaming & Pari-Mutuel Distribution

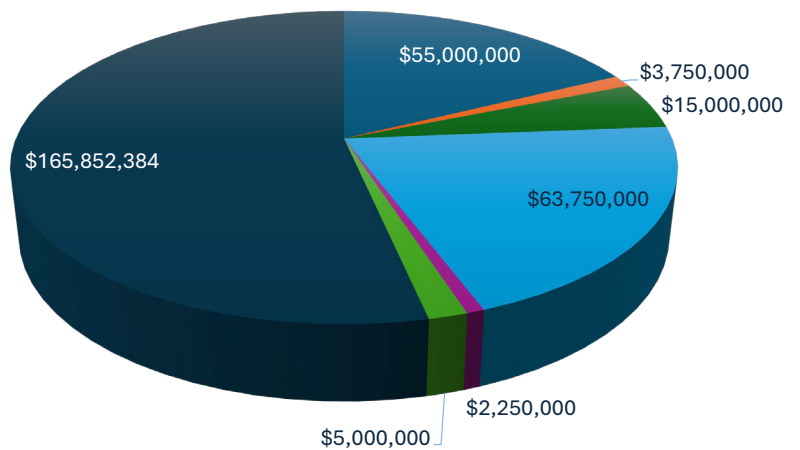
Tax revenue collected from gambling games and pari-mutuel events is distributed into several funds determined by Iowa’s legislature. Money is then used by the agencies responsible for each fund. There were seven funds in 2025. Tax revenue was distributed to each fund in a sequential order set by legislation. The first six funds each had a maximum amount they could receive. Once one was reached, taxes were distributed to the next designated fund, and so on. The last fund didn’t have a maximum and all remaining tax revenue was distributed to it. In 2025, the seven funds in order were:

1. Revenue Bonds Debt Service
2. Revenue Bonds Federal Subsidy Holdback
3. Water Quality Infrastructure Fund
4. Iowa Skilled Workers & Job Creation
5. General Fund
6. Levee Improvement
7. Reinvest Iowa Infrastructure Fund (RIIF)

The total amount distributed in 2025 was \$310,602,384. The graph below shows the amount each fund received in 2025. These amounts are reported to us by the Department of Management on a weekly basis, starting at the beginning of the fiscal year.

### Gaming & Pari-Mutuel Tax Distribution

- Revenue Bonds Debt Service Fund
- Revenue Bonds Federal Subsidy Holdback Fund
- Water Quality Infrastructure Fund
- Iowa Skilled Workers & Job Creation Fund
- General Fund
- Levee Improvement Fund
- Reinvest Iowa Infrastructure Fund (RIIF)



Starting on July 1, 2025, pari-mutuel tax derived from ADW operations was no longer included in the amounts distributed to the above funds. These taxes now go to a fund to supplement payments for the federal HISA regulatory oversight. The total amount collected for this fund in 2025 was \$223,268.

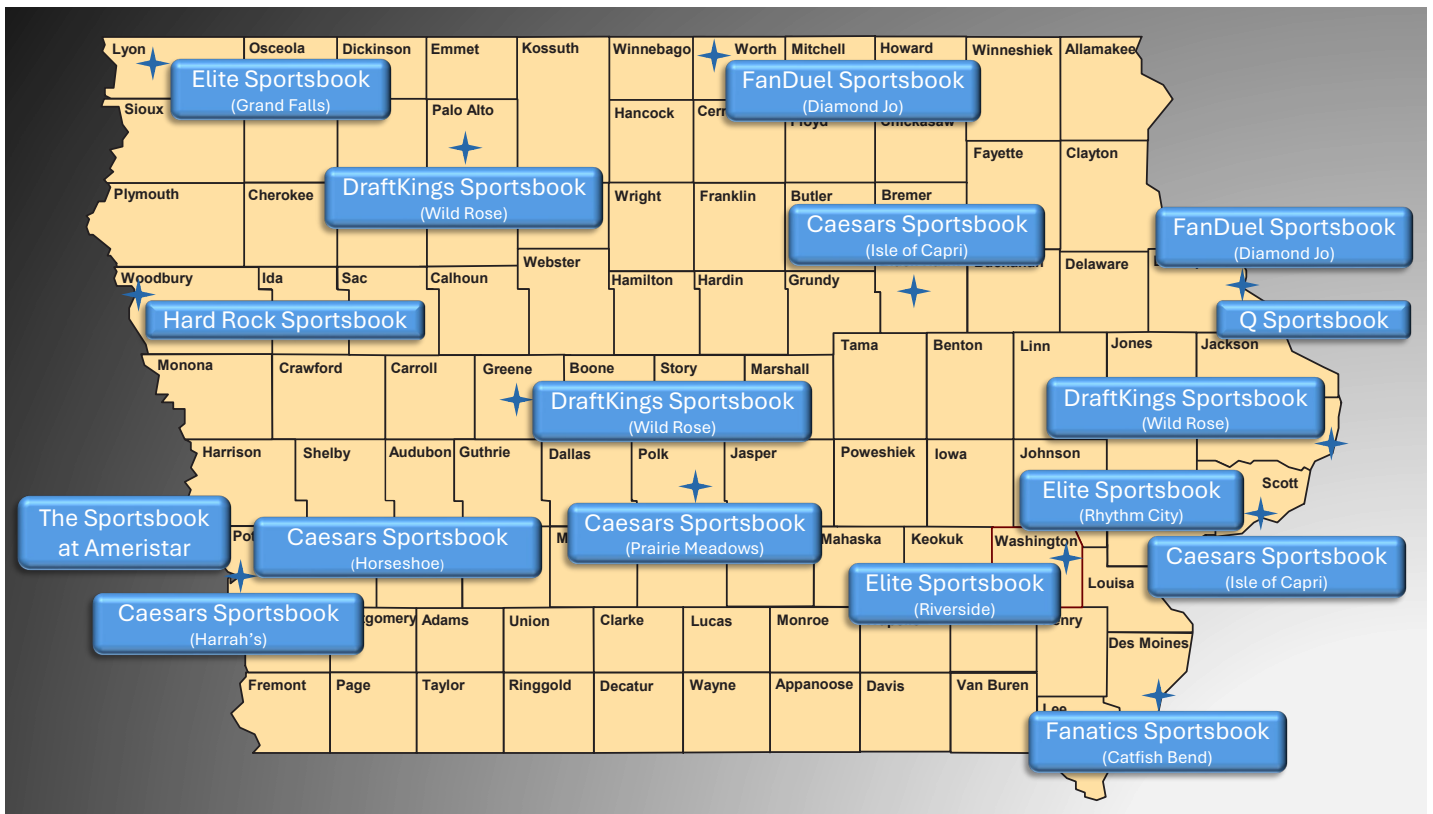
## Sports Wagering

In Iowa, a sports wagering license is required to be paired with an existing licensed casino or racetrack. Casinos and Racetracks are required to submit an application to the Commission to conduct sports wagering with an initial license fee of \$45,000 and an annual renewal fee of \$10,000. They may also enter into an agreement with a vendor to operate such services, provided that the vendor receives a sports wagering license.

Prior to authorization, the operator must supply internal controls and other deliverable items that satisfy the requirements in Iowa Code and Commission administrative rules (chapter 13). The operator must have a Class D background investigation while specific high level staff must have a Class A background. Backgrounds for sports wagering operators and staff are completed by DCI.

## Retail Operators

Iowa’s casinos and racetracks have the ability to receive a license to conduct sports wagering on their property. In this way, many of Iowa’s facilities host a sportsbook where Iowans can place a wager on sporting events in person at a counter or kiosk. Below is a map showing each retail sportsbook in Iowa.



## Online Operators

Licensed casinos and racetracks may operate or enter into operating agreements to offer up to three individually branded websites to operate advance deposit sports wagering (ADSW). Operating agreements must be approved by the Commission. In this way, Iowans can place a sports wager online using a website or mobile application. Below is a list of ADSW operators and their affiliated facility.

Licensee	D/B/A	Facility Affiliation(s)	Notes
American Wagering, Inc.	Caesars Sportsbook	Harrah's, Horseshoe, Isle Waterloo, Isle Bettendorf, Prairie Meadows	
Bally's Management Group, LLC	Bally Bet Sportsbook	Grand Falls	
Betfair Interactive US LLC	FanDuel Sportsbook	Diamond Jo Dubuque	
Betfred Sports (Iowa) LLC	Betfred Sportsbook	Grand Falls	Operations stopped in 2025.
BetMGM, LLC	BetMGM Sportsbook	Diamond Jo Worth	
Circa Sports Iowa LLC	Circa Sports Iowa	Wild Rose Jefferson	
Crown IA Gaming LLC	DraftKings Sportsbook	Wild Rose Clinton, Emmetsburg, & Jefferson	
Dubuque Racing Association, Ltd.	Q Casino Sportsbook	Q Casino	Online operations stopped in 2025.
FBG Iowa, LLC	Fanatics Sportsbook	Catfish Bend	Adopted "Fanatics" name in April 2025
Hillside (Iowa) LLC	bet365	Casino Queen	
Penn Sports Interactive, LLC	theScore Bet	Ameristar	Adopted "theScore Bet" name in December 2025.
Rush Street Interactive IA, LLC	BetRivers Sportsbook	Wild Rose Clinton & Jefferson	
Sporttrade Iowa LLC	Sporttrade	Wild Rose Clinton	

## Sports Wagering Performance

The performance of sports wagering is generally reported using two pieces of data: handle and revenue. Retail and ADSW report both independently. Additionally, handle and revenue of online wagers can be shown by the facility or the ADSW with which the facility has an agreement. Handle is defined as the total amount wagered by individuals, while revenue is defined as the total amount of revenue for the books after paying out winning wagers.

Below are the handle and revenue amounts for retail and online sports wagers. Some licensees have \$0 handle and a negative amount in revenue. In these cases, the licensee stopped taking wagers in years prior. However, some wagers were placed for sporting events that took place in 2025. As a result, the licensees paid winnings to patrons in 2025.

## Retail Performance

The total retail handle in 2025 was \$171,785,568. Operator revenue totaled \$15,743,294.

Facility	Handle	Revenue
Ameristar	\$33,552,235	\$2,826,955
Casino Queen	\$0	\$(729)
Catfish Bend	\$2,193,893	\$251,311
Diamond Jo Dubuque	\$8,521,599	\$1,368,015
Diamond Jo Worth	\$48,648,350	\$3,216,524
Grand Falls	\$17,341,823	\$1,371,094
Hard Rock	\$6,372,794	\$1,098,695
Harrah's	\$4,920,921	\$702,332
Horseshoe	\$23,161,079	\$2,381,718

Facility	Handle	Revenue
Isle Bettendorf	\$4,796,271	\$523,281
Isle Waterloo	\$1,962,291	\$201,812
Prairie Meadows	\$6,499,441	\$857,449
Q Casino	\$4,595,389	\$62,840
Rhythm City	\$2,415,986	\$105,372
Riverside	\$3,334,677	\$379,519
Wild Rose Clinton	\$1,550,437	\$194,536
Wild Rose Emmetsburg	\$1,182,965	\$105,822
Wild Rose Jefferson	\$735,415	\$96,750

## Online Performance by Facility

Total online handle was \$2,744,565,801 in 2025, while total online revenue was \$258,707,851.

Facility	Handle	Revenue
Ameristar	\$76,168,860	\$6,925,718
Casino Queen	\$145,349,206	\$12,774,089
Catfish Bend	\$121,407,432	\$12,161,589
Diamond Jo Dubuque	\$783,471,161	\$82,356,399
Diamond Jo Worth	\$198,177,084	\$17,066,181
Grand Falls	\$8,578,285	\$701,099
Harrah's	\$29,070,879	\$2,120,006
Horseshoe	\$35,506,694	\$2,918,058
Isle Bettendorf	\$38,001,675	\$2,798,972
Isle Waterloo	\$58,600,418	\$4,464,828
Lakeside	\$0	\$(1,695)
Prairie Meadows	\$118,353,584	\$8,462,652
Q Casino	\$1,023,509	\$3,568
Wild Rose Clinton	\$370,643,305	\$35,460,887
Wild Rose Emmetsburg	\$348,480,113	\$34,050,930
Wild Rose Jefferson	\$411,733,594	\$36,444,569

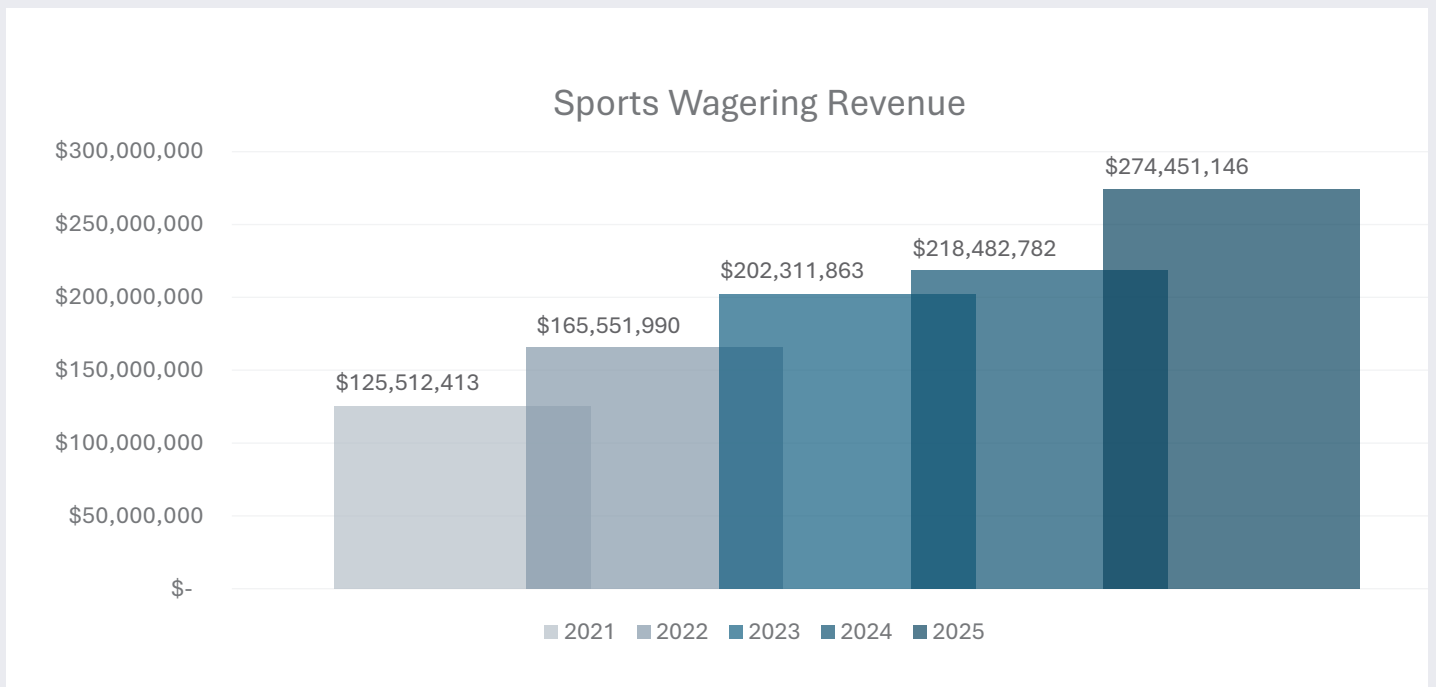
## Online Performance by ADSW

Licensee	Handle	Revenue
Caesars Sportsbook	\$279,533,251	\$20,764,517
Bally Bet Sportsbook	\$8,578,285	\$713,726
FanDuel Sportsbook	\$783,471,161	\$82,356,399
Betfred Sportsbook	\$0	\$(12,627)
BetMGM Sportsbook	\$198,177,084	\$17,066,181
Circa Sports Iowa	\$39,887,153	\$615,005
DraftKings Sportsbook	\$1,054,462,254	\$102,934,123
Q Casino Sportsbook	\$1,023,509	\$3,568
Fanatics Sportsbook	\$121,407,432	\$12,161,589
Bet365	\$145,349,206	\$12,774,089
theScore Bet	\$76,168,860	\$6,925,718
BetRivers Sportsbook	\$29,479,822	\$2,146,196
Sporttrade	\$7,027,783	\$261,062
Sports Information Group, LLC (SIG)	\$0	\$(1,695)

ADSW and retail net revenue was \$274,452,840 in 2025. That is an increase of 25.6%, continuing an upward trend for the last five years.

Facility	Net Revenue
Ameristar	\$9,752,673
Casino Queen	\$12,773,360
Catfish Bend	\$12,412,900
Diamond Jo Dubuque	\$83,724,414
Diamond Jo Worth	\$20,282,705
Grand Falls	\$2,072,193
Hard Rock	\$1,098,695
Harrah's	\$2,822,338
Horseshoe	\$5,299,776

Facility	Net Revenue
Isle Bettendorf	\$3,322,253
Isle Waterloo	\$4,666,640
Prairie Meadows	\$9,320,100
Q Casino	\$66,408
Rhythm City	\$105,372
Riverside	\$379,519
Wild Rose Clinton	\$35,655,423
Wild Rose Emmetsburg	\$34,156,752
Wild Rose Jefferson	\$36,541,319



## Sports Wagering Tax

The tax on sports wagering revenue received each fiscal year by a licensed operator is 6.75%. This rate has remained constant since sports wagering began in Iowa in August 2019. Sports wagering revenue is defined as the gross revenue less winnings paid to wagerers and less promotional play on sports wagering.

Sports wagering revenue totals and tax collected are reported to the Commission on a monthly basis.

## State Tax Revenue in Detail

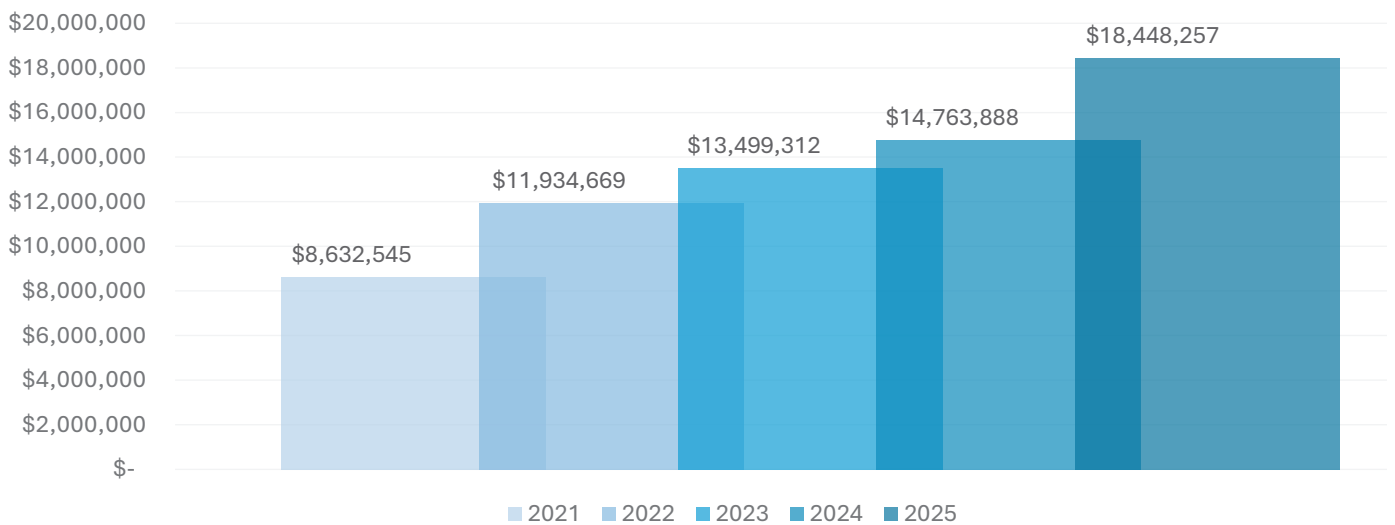
The total amount of taxes collected on revenue was up 25.0% in 2025 to \$18,448,257. Taxes are paid through the licensed casinos and racetracks. Taxes include the amounts for their retail operations and their online partners.

Facility	State Tax
Ameristar	\$655,521
Casino Queen	\$862,202
Catfish Bend	\$837,871
Diamond Jo Dubuque	\$5,651,398
Diamond Jo Worth	\$1,369,083
Grand Falls	\$76,943
Hard Rock	\$74,162
Harrah's	\$190,508
Horseshoe	\$357,735

Facility	State Tax
Isle Bettendorf	\$224,252
Isle Waterloo	\$314,998
Prairie Meadows	\$629,107
Q Casino	\$0
Rhythm City	\$0
Riverside	\$25,617
Wild Rose Clinton	\$2,406,741
Wild Rose Emmetsburg	\$2,305,581
Wild Rose Jefferson	\$2,466,539

The amounts above show revenue and taxes for CY 2025. Taxes are paid on an FY basis by licensees each month. As a result, the amounts above may not reflect the 6.75% tax rate paid by licensees each FY.

## Sports Wagering Tax



## Fantasy Sports

Applicants for an internet fantasy contest service provider license must complete an application to the Commission and a Class D entity background investigation by the DCI. In addition, appropriate employees and members of the board of directors must complete Class A individual backgrounds by the DCI. Unlike sports wagering operators, fantasy sports contest service providers are not required to partner with a licensed casino or racetrack. Upon receipt of the application, the Commission requires the prospective licensee to provide internal controls and other operational documents.

If those requirements are satisfactorily met, the Commission may issue a license to conduct daily fantasy sports in Iowa. The operator must pay an initial license fee of \$5,000. The annual licensing fee to conduct internet fantasy sports contests in Iowa is \$1,000, unless the operator has adjusted revenues for the year prior to the annual renewal date of \$150,000 or greater. In those cases, the annual fee will be \$5,000.

A fantasy sports contest is a game or contest where the outcome is determined by the accumulated results of athletes or players of an approved contest. For a full definition, please see Iowa Code Chapter 99E. Iowa had two licensees that hosted fantasy sports contests in 2025.

Licensee	D/B/A
Crown DFS Inc.	DraftKings
FanDuel Inc.	FanDuel

FanDuel Inc. temporarily suspended new entries into paid daily fantasy sports operations on October 1, 2025. The licensee maintained free-to-play operations for the remainder of 2025 and anticipated resuming paid contests in 2026.

## Fantasy Sports Performance

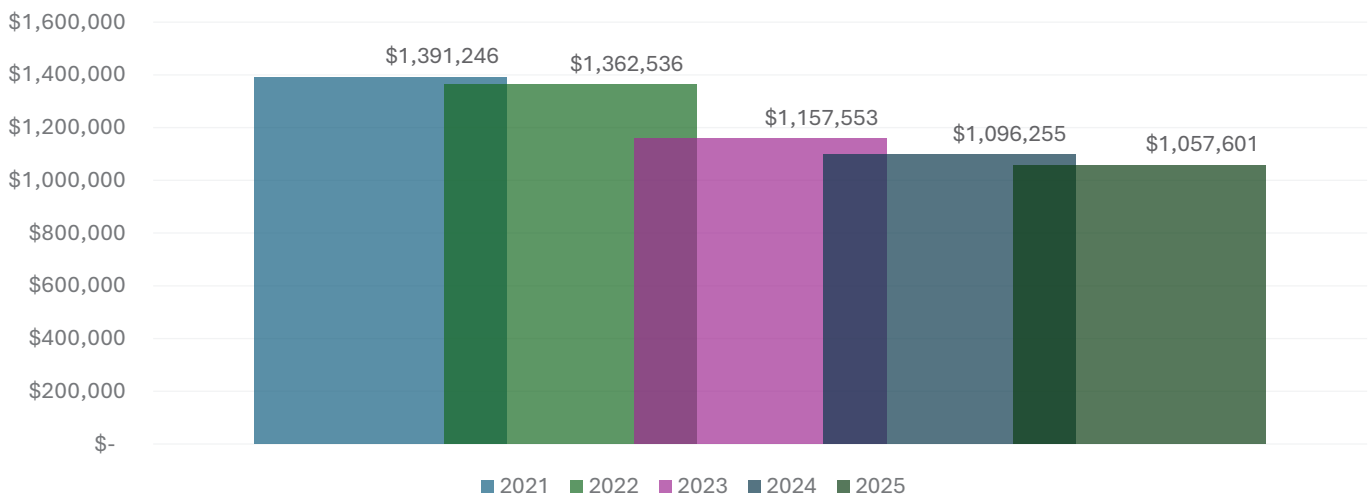
The performance of fantasy sports is reported using three main criteria:

- **Number of Contests:** The number of approved contests the licensee hosted in which Iowans participated.
- **Entry Fees:** The total amount wagered by Iowans on approved fantasy sports contests.
- **Adjusted Revenue:** The total Entry Fees, minus winnings paid to participants, multiplied by a location percentage.

Licensee	Number of Contests	Entry Fees	Adjusted Revenue
DraftKings	4,163,790	\$8,583,309.07	\$962,225
FanDuel	33,054	\$893,684.92	\$95,376

The total revenue of fantasy sports licensees decreased 3.5% to \$1,057,601. Revenue has declined each year for the last five years for an overall decline of 21.2%.

Fantasy Sports Revenue



## Fantasy Sports Taxes



The tax on fantasy sports each fiscal year is 6.75% of adjusted revenue. Adjusted revenue is the amount of entry fees minus winnings paid to participants multiplied by a location percentage.

The location percentage is essentially Iowa’s portion of all entry fees made with the licensee. It’s calculated by taking the total entry fees made by people in Iowa divided by the total entry fees made with the licensee from all locations. That number is rounded to the nearest 0.1%.

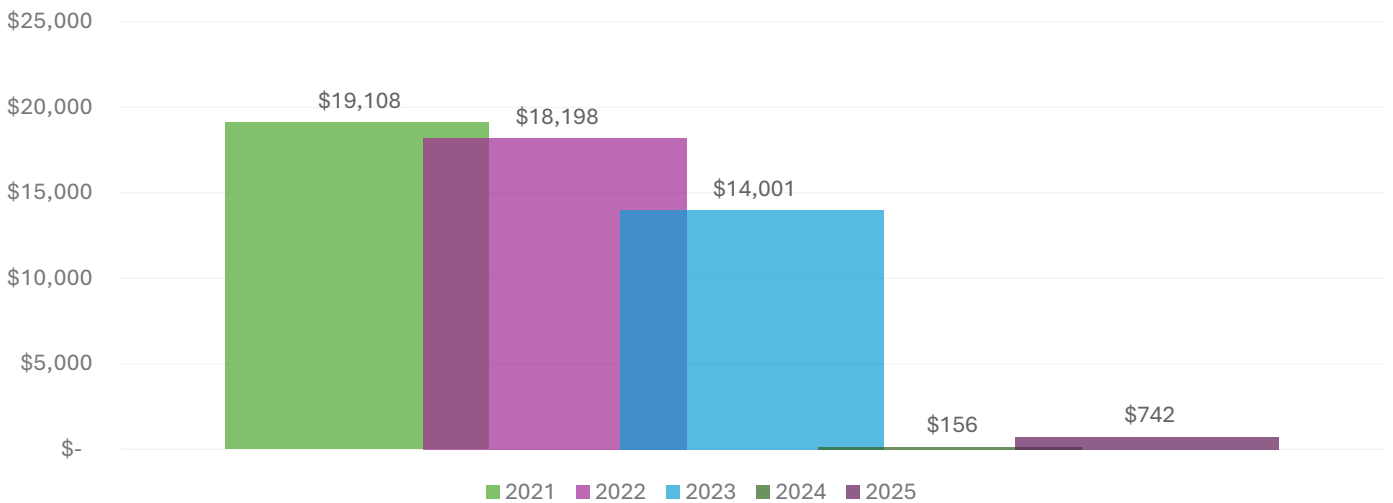
Additionally, fantasy sports licensees receive a tax credit up to the amount of regulatory fees they pay each fiscal year.

Licensee	State Tax
DraftKings	\$742
FanDuel	\$0

In other words, taxes are received from fantasy sports licensees once 6.75% of adjusted revenue exceeds the regulatory fees paid by the licensee in a fiscal year.

The total taxes collected from fantasy sports in 2025 was \$742.

Fantasy Sports Tax



## Budget & Expenses

The Commission's budget is financed differently from many other state agencies. Rather than using taxes, the IRGC's budget is funded by regulatory fees paid by licensees. This table shows the IRGC's major expenses from 2025. Note that "Services Received" are professional and other services provided by companies and other state agencies.

Category	Amount
Staff Salary & Benefits	\$5,806,331
Commission/Staff Training & Travel	\$149,585
Supplies & Equipment	\$198,015
Services Received	\$1,150,935
Total	\$7,304,866

## Administrative Fines

The racing and gaming industries are highly regulated. Iowa statute and administrative rules have many requirements for licensees. These regulations are followed the vast majority of the time. Commission staff conducts audits and compliance checks. The Commission also requires licensees to self-report any known violations. When potential non-compliance is identified, Commission staff investigates the matter. If the investigation determines a licensee violated one of Iowa's requirements, administrative action is taken that often results in a fine.

Violations with a smaller impact are handled by a Gaming Board, which consists of experienced IRGC staff. The Gaming Board issued 71 fines totaling \$126,500 in 2025.

Larger violations are sent to the Commission for review and any administrative fines are approved at a public Commission meeting. The Commission approved 24 fines in 2025 for a total of \$600,000.

## QSO Distributions

Iowa law requires all casinos to distribute at minimum three percent of AGR to their QSO partners. Many of the casinos provide a higher percentage than the statutory requirement, with some as high as six percent of AGR. With the addition of sports wagering, casinos were required to provide a minimum of three-quarters of one percent of sports wagering revenue to the QSO as well. These non-profit license holders reinvest in numerous ways within the communities in and around the casinos. A listing of each non-profit partner can be found on the Commission's website. In 2025, Iowa's QSOs distributed \$75,656,221.

For the 84 counties without casinos, the County Endowment Fund was set up so those counties could receive funds from the gaming industry as well. Iowa law requires casinos to provide eight-tenths of one percent of AGR to the fund. In 2025, the County Endowment Fund received \$12,417,338.

### Other Impacts to Iowa’s Economy

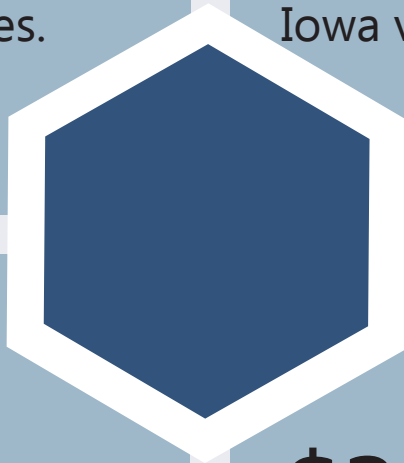
While the racing and gaming industries bring tax revenue to the state, they also impact Iowa in less obvious ways. From employment to equipment, people and businesses are impacted by the industry.

**\$61,820,564**

Gaming related equipment & supplies purchased. \$12,679,667 (21%) was from Iowa businesses.

**\$306,427,144**

Other supplies and services purchased. \$243,454,780 (78%) was purchased from Iowa vendors.



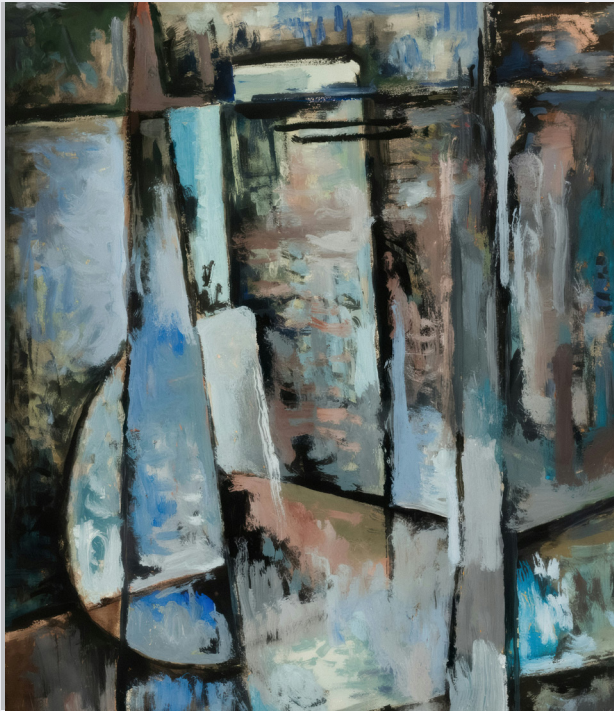
**6,790**

People were employed with Iowa licensed casinos & racetracks. 5,043 (74%) were Iowans.

**\$305,195,133**

The total payroll (salary & benefits) of licensed casinos and racetracks.

# Licensing Report



## Individuals

Many positions at casinos, racetracks, and sportsbooks are required to be licensed by the IRGC. The purpose of this licensing is to ensure individuals working in certain positions possess the necessary character, honesty, and integrity to operate within the law.

## Operators

Every casino, racetrack, sports wagering, and fantasy sports operator has annual requirements to maintain a license. Some examples are maintaining specific documentation, ensuring safety protocols are up-to-date, and submitting a licensing fee. Different types of operators have different requirements.

# 3,800+

More than 3,800 licenses were issued in 2025.

- Most licenses were issued to individuals.
- Licensing casinos takes the most time.

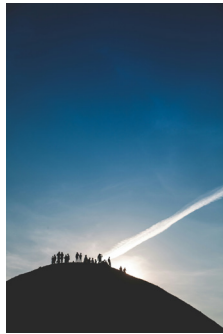
## Manufacturers & Distributors

The IRGC licenses people and businesses that manufacture or distribute gambling games or items used with those games. Some examples are slot machines, cards, dice, and the layouts that sit on top of table games.



## Licensing Individuals

Individuals licensed by IRGC undergo a background investigation performed by the DCI that includes their criminal and financial history. The type of license an individual receives corresponds to the type of investigation performed by DCI.



Class A licenses have the most rigorous level of background investigation performed for the IRGC. Only key employees are issued a Class A license. Some examples are a facility’s General Manager, top financial administrator, department directors, non-profit board members, and most IRGC staff members. In 2025, 181 Class A licenses were issued.

Class C licenses are the next level of license. In 2025, 2,623 were issued. Positions involved with gaming revenue, security, surveillance, guest services, and gambling games are some examples that require a Class C license. Many vendors doing business at a casino or racetrack also require a Class C license.

The IRGC issued 966 Class O licenses in 2025. These are only issued to staff working in racing stables and other racing staff who aren’t racing officials. A Class O background investigation also looks into a person’s racing history.



## Facility Licensing

The IRGC licenses facilities using the authority granted to it by Iowa Code Chapters 99D (i.e. pari-mutuel wagering) or 99F (i.e. gambling games).

Historically, the timing of 99F license renewals corresponded with the cruising season when riverboats were the only gaming allowed. Even though the majority of 99F facilities are now land-based, the annual license period remains April 1 to March 31.



Iowa is the only state to require casino operators to have a non-profit qualified sponsoring organization (QSO) as a partner. Annual licenses are granted to both the casino and the QSO. All 17 existing 99F facilities were re-licensed in 2025. After an extensive application process, one additional license was granted for Cedar Crossing Casino. That casino is currently under construction in Cedar Rapids.

99D facilities are licensed as racetracks. Their annual license period is January 1 to December 31 to accommodate the racing season each year. 99D facilities (i.e. Horseshoe & Prairie Meadows) are required to be non-profit and therefore do not have a QSO partner. Both were re-licensed in 2025.

Q Casino began operations in conjunction with Iowa Greyhound Park, which had a 99D license. When the two entities separated, Q Casino converted to a 99F license. However, it continued to be operated by the same organization. As a result, Q Casino is a 99F facility that is operated by a non-profit organization.

## Advance Deposit Wagering

“Advance deposit wagering operator” or “ADWO” means an operator licensed to provide pari-mutuel advance deposit wagering. An ADWO must enter into an agreement with the licensee of the horse racetrack in Polk County (Prairie Meadows) and the Iowa Horsemen’s Benevolent and Protective Association.

Prior to submitting an application for licensure, the operating agreement should be finalized. That operating agreement is required to be approved by the Commission at a public meeting

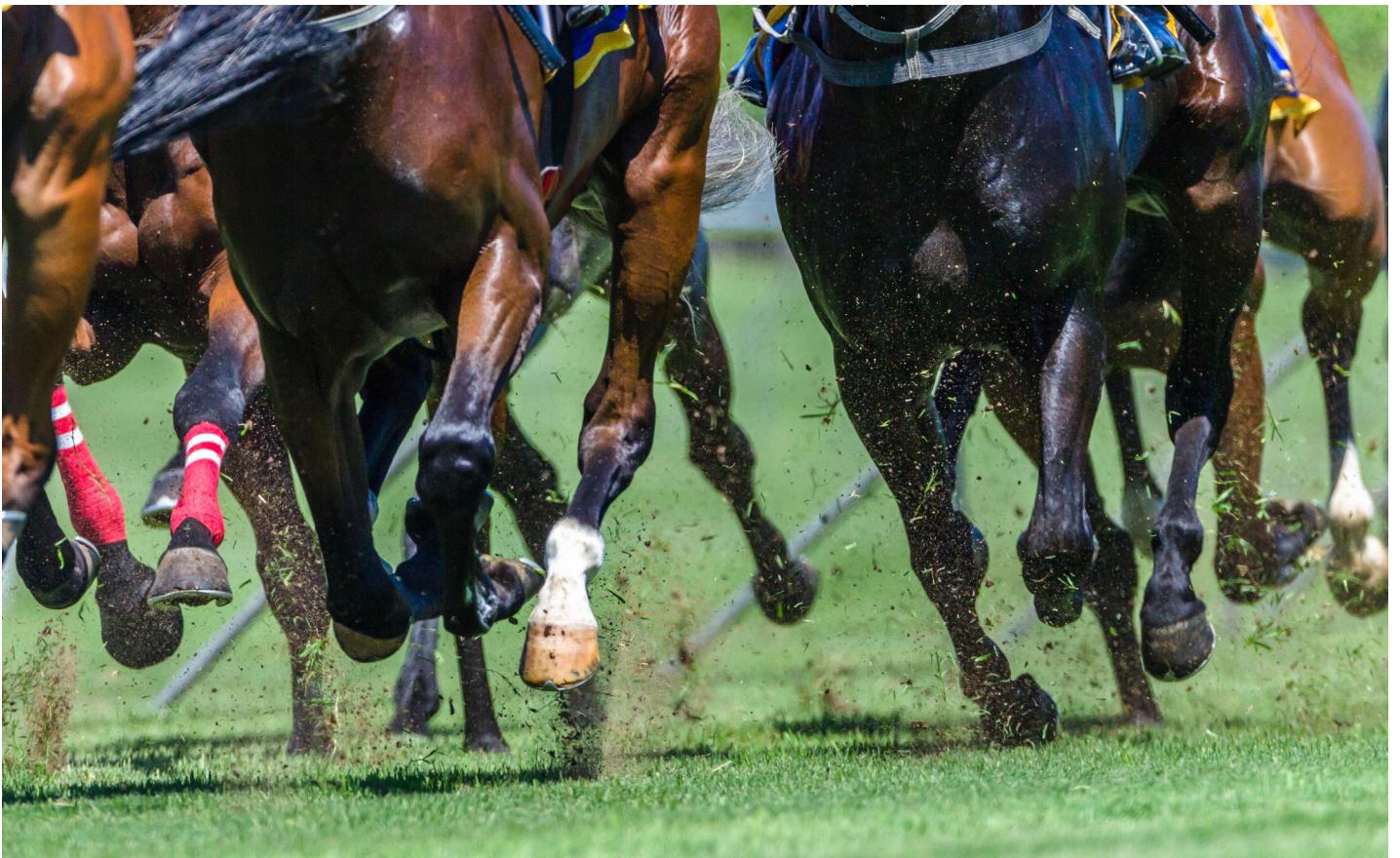
and is submitted by Prairie Meadows for approval.

Once the agreement is finalized and approved, any entity who wishes to operate in Iowa must submit a license application with a \$1,000 licensing fee.

In addition, background investigations are required of the entity to be licensed, as well as specific high-level staff. Background investigations are conducted by DCI.

Completion of the application also includes submission of materials verifying sufficient policies and procedures are in place for several areas of operation. This includes procedures for compliance with Iowa law and rules, including setoff and self-exclusions.

Licenses run from January 1 – December 31.



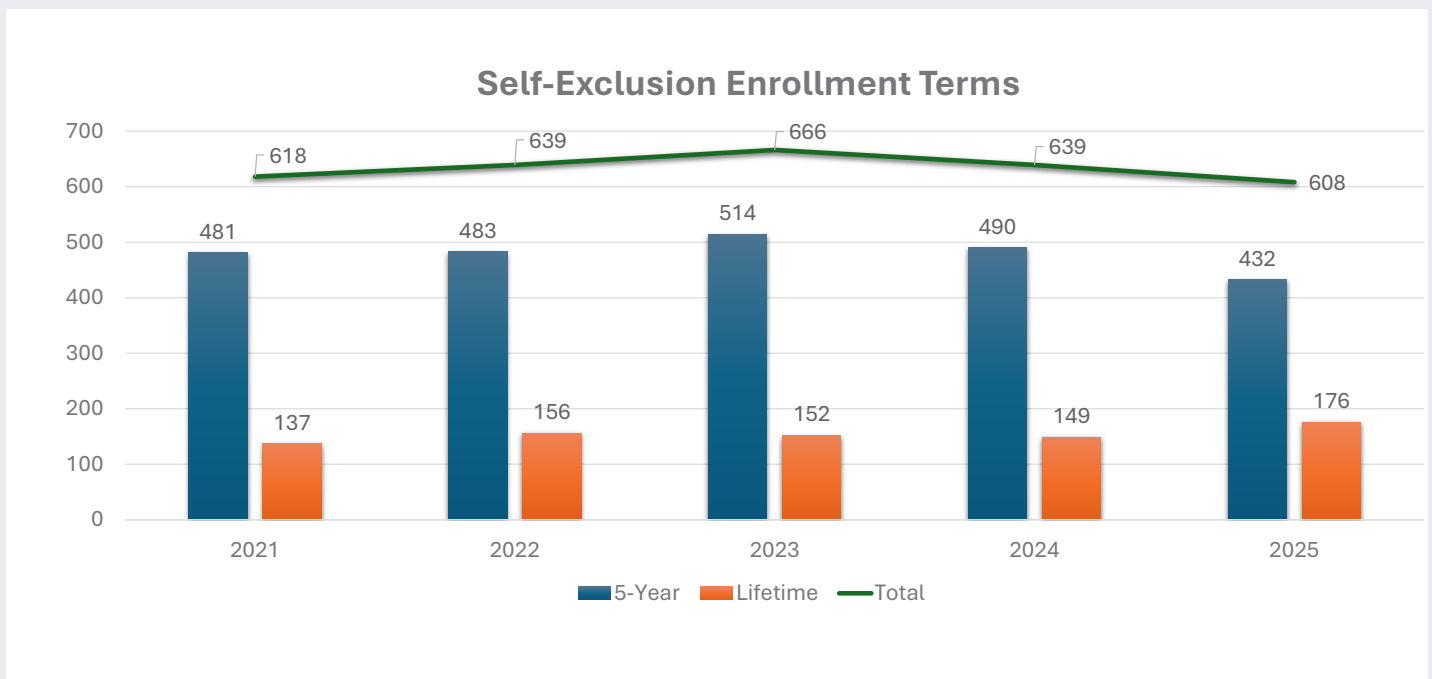
# Self-Exclusion Report

In 2004, legislation was passed to allow a person to self-exclude from casinos and racetracks for life. The program created a list of self-excluded people that was distributed through an online system available to all licensees. A self-exclusion could not be ended for the first 13 years of the program. In 2017, the State made two changes to the program. First, a 5-year term was added, allowing people to choose a shorter self-exclusion period. Additionally, the State made it possible for a person to end their self-exclusion after five years if they self-excluded before 2017 when the 5-year term was available. The program was run by the industry until 2019 when new legislation moved the responsibility of the program to the IRGC. For more information about the program or how to self-exclude, please visit our website at <https://irgc.iowa.gov/self-exclusion-program>.

The total number of active self-exclusions changes daily as new ones start and old ones end. As of 12/31/2025, there were 8,633 active self-exclusions, with 2,399 individuals selecting 5-year terms and 6,234 individuals selecting lifetime terms.

Lifetime	176
5-Year	432
<b>Total</b>	<b>608</b>

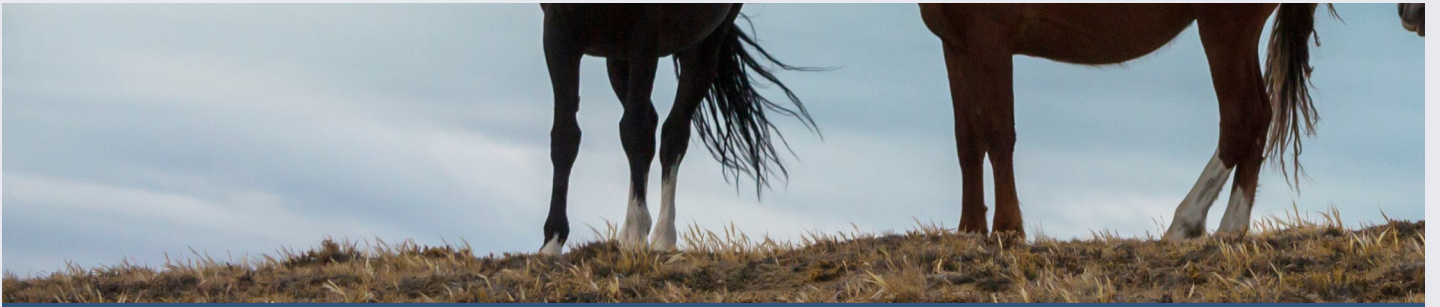
2025 saw 608 people self-exclude with the state. Of those, 432 people self-excluded for 5-years and 176 self-excluded for life.



In 2025, 386 5-year self-exclusions expired. The IRGC processed 387 requests to revoke a self-exclusion. These requests included 152 (39%) eligible revocations and 125 (32%) that were not. The remaining 110 requests (29%) could not be processed. In total, 85% of those were requests from people who weren't self-excluded. The remaining 15% were duplicate requests.

Expired 5-Year Terms	
Successful Revocations	
<b>Total Self-Exclusions Ended</b>	

The statewide self-exclusion program is one tool Iowa makes available to people experiencing harm from gambling. Most resources are available through the Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Behavioral Health. They can be found at [YourLifeIowa.org](http://YourLifeIowa.org). A person can also reach out to 1-800-BETS-OFF for free, confidential support if they or a loved one is having a problem with gambling.



# Contact Us

---



6200 Park Ave., Suite 100  
Des Moines, IA 50321



515-281-7352  
1-800-BETSOFF



[irgc.iowa.gov](http://irgc.iowa.gov)  
[irgc@iowa.gov](mailto:irgc@iowa.gov)

